

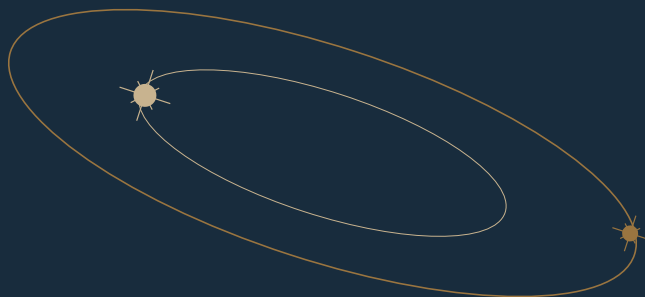
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OMI OPH A · VISUAL A/B

omi Oph A

A light for our story



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A story among the stars

Celestial Library edition



*Every light holds a story. These pages
follow its journey, from the heart of the
star to the sky we share.*

The sky, page by page

A · HIP 84626 | B · HIP 84625

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One light among many

Some nights begin when we stop hurrying. The day withdraws, our eyes learn the darkness and, little by little, the stars appear. Among them is omi Oph A. Until now it may have been another distant light; pausing to look is the beginning of giving it a place in our own story.

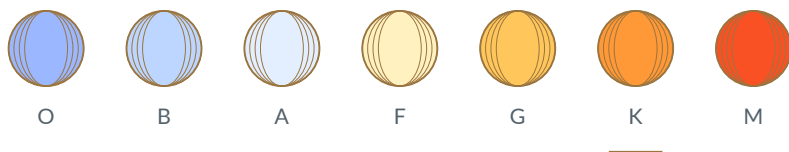
A dedication begins with that simple gesture: choosing something beautiful and wanting to share it. The star will continue on its way, beyond our calendars, while here below its light can accompany a date, a name or words we wish to keep. Immensity takes on an intimate measure: the measure of what matters to us.

The colour of its fire

The light of omi Oph A has a character of its own. The K family keeps the colour of an ember seen at the end of an evening. Its surfaces are cooler than the Sun's, though still extraordinarily hot. That amber tint suggests a gathered light, a warmth that seems to ask us to stay a little longer.

To the unaided eye, a stellar colour can be little more than a whisper. The atmosphere makes it tremble and our eyes receive it in their own way. Beyond that point we can imagine a living surface of hot matter: the visible beauty of processes working on a scale far greater than ours.

SEVEN FAMILIES OF LIGHT



Light keeps the colours of its origin.

The journey ending here

The light of omi Oph A crosses approximately 363.2 light-years to reach us. The brightness we receive has therefore spent about 363.2 years on its way. Distance becomes time: looking at this star means meeting light that began travelling before this moment. When it set out, the Sun and its planets already shared a history billions of years old. On their scale, this journey is barely a breath.

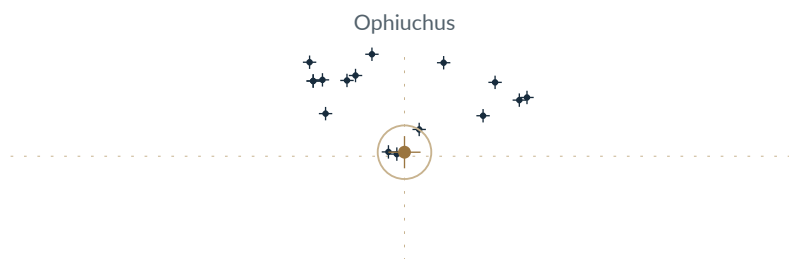
Its light has crossed the time of several generations. We can imagine hands writing letters, lit windows and voices that now live only in other voices. Through all that passing on, the brightness kept travelling; tonight it reaches us.



A landscape for imagination

omi Oph A lies in the region of Ophiuchus. Ophiuchus offers the figure of the serpent-bearer. In our reading it can speak of attentive hands, able to hold something living with both firmness and gentleness.

Figures in the sky are a human way of approaching immensity. In our gaze they join lights that may lie at very different distances. Imagination stretches the thread; the stars provide the brightness. A single landscape can therefore keep old images while receiving a story that begins tonight.



Its light, among other lights of the constellation.

A record revisited from 1780

The USNO Washington Double Star Catalog lists this selected visual pair under H 3 25. Its entry spans 1780–2024 and contains 70 mean positions; the first and latest listed separations are 10.0 and 10.7 arcseconds. These are epochs in a catalogued measurement record, not proof of the first human sighting. This entry also does not by itself establish that the stars are gravitationally bound. It preserves a specific history of relative position measurements, giving later observers a reference for returning to the same pair.

We can imagine that small entry resting on a desk while another night gathered outside. A few written marks were enough to keep a meeting with the sky from passing entirely away. Reading them now, we receive a little of that attention. The star becomes more than a point on a chart: it offers a place where an earlier gaze and our own can quietly meet.

The time of stars

Every star has a rhythm shaped by the matter with which it was born and the stage of life it is passing through. Some spend their light intensely; others sustain it for much longer ages. We can imagine them as a library of different times, where no story needs the same length to deserve being told.

To approach omi Oph A, we can let that scale widen our imagination. A stellar age is unlike a birthday: it speaks of changing matter, of energy finding a way out, of a balance sustained and transformed. Tonight's light is one page of that time, and we happen to be here to receive it.

Measuring with two glances

To begin measuring a stellar distance, Earth offers us a movement. We observe from one side of its orbit and look again about six months later from the other. A nearby star seems to shift slightly against more distant ones. That small change of perspective is called parallax.

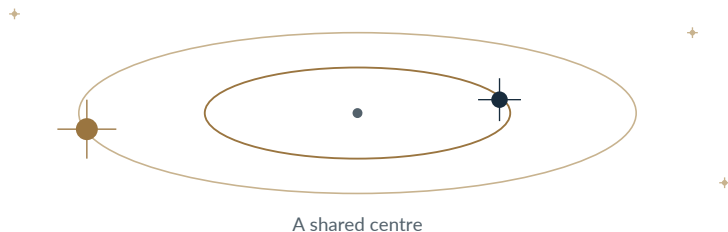
We can feel the principle by looking at a finger with one eye and then the other. What fits between two glances at home requires our planet's journey in the sky. There is something beautiful in that patience: to learn how far a light is from us, we first learned to look from somewhere else.



Two lights, one journey

This story brings together HIP 84626 and HIP 84625. Two distinct lights share one gaze. Each star keeps its own brightness; together they make a figure we can find and remember. The physics of binary systems also offers the image of a dance around a shared centre. We can carry that image into the sky without asking its partners to be identical before recognising the beauty of companionship.

The image allows an intimate comparison: companionship does not require ceasing to be oneself. There is space between the lights, and that space is part of the figure too. Night offers the beauty of two presences; our imagination finds in them a way of speaking about companionship.



Two lights, one shared gaze.

The night of finding it

We can begin with something simple: looking into a starry sky and letting our eyes grow used to darkness. The dedication page lets us choose a place and time to find where to look. Recognising the constellation first turns a distant map into a familiar landscape.

If a telescope joins the evening, a wide field is a gentle beginning. As a reference, a 114 mm Newtonian with a 500 mm focal length gives 20× with a 25 mm eyepiece. The star remains a point of light; the instrument gathers more of its brightness. The best memory may be the moment we leave the eyepiece and say: there it is.

Somewhere to return

We can close this booklet and let omi Oph A become a small light in an enormous night again. Something, though, will have changed. We now know part of its journey, a shade of its colour and a way to find it. What seemed far away has a place in our memory.

There will be clear nights and others when clouds keep the sky. Not every night will allow observing, but each can bring back the memory of this gesture. Sometimes a name is enough to return to a date, a voice, a few shared words. And when the light appears again, we will have one more reason to pause and look.

The traces of this story

ESA Hipparcos / VizieR

https://vizier.cds.unistra.fr/viz-bin/VizieR-5?-source=I/239/hip_main&HIP=84626

NASA · Our Sun

<https://science.nasa.gov/sun/facts/>

IAU · Constellations and their names

<https://iauarchive.eso.org/public/themes/constellations/>

Celestron · Choosing eyepieces

<https://www.celestron.com/blogs/knowledgebase/how-to-determine-which-eyepieces-to-use-with-your-telescope>

Original ISDORA prose and illustrations. Images are artistic evocations or diagrams, not to scale. Distances are approximate. Constellation figures include contemporary literary readings.

To keep discovering

NASA · The lives of stars

<https://science.nasa.gov/universe/stars/>

NASA · What is a light-year?

<https://science.nasa.gov/exoplanets/what-is-a-light-year/>

ESA · Measuring stellar distances by parallax

https://www.esa.int/ESA_Multimedia/Images/2013/06/Measuring_stellar_distances_by_parallax

USNO WDS · exact summary entry

https://crf.usno.navy.mil/data_products/WDS/Webtextfiles/wdsweb_summary2.txt



May there always be a night
to look again.



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A STORY OF LIGHT